# **Revision Technique Cheat Sheet**

#### 1. Begin with a prepositional phrase

- The sentence <u>must</u> BEGIN with the prep phrase! It <u>has</u> to.
- The prep phrase HAS to be attached to the core sentence with a comma!
  - o (Beneath a clear blue sky), the woman walked her dog.

aboard about above according to across after against	along amid among around at before behind	below beneath beside between beyond by down	during for from in inside into like	near next to of off on out over	past since through to toward under until	up upon with within without
--	--	---	---	---	--	---

### 2. Appositives

- An appositive is a noun that *renames* another noun in a sentence to make it more specific.
- Choose a noun to rename. Choose another noun to rename the first one, making it more specific.
- The appositive HAS to be attached to the core sentence with a comma!
- The appositive must be close to the noun it's renaming.
  - o The bird, a male cardinal with bright red feathers, sat in the tree.

#### **3.** The –ing participle

- Attach a phrase beginning with an —ing word to a core sentence. The participle can appear in the beginning, middle, or end of the sentence.
- Choose a sentence to add action to.
- The ing participle HAS to be attached to the core sentence with a comma!
- The participle can appear in the beginning, middle, or end of the sentence.
  - The kids left school, screaming as they charged out the doors.

## 4. Adjectives out of order

- This revision pulls adjectives (words that describe nouns) out of order and places them *behind* the nouns they describe.
- Choose a noun to describe.
- The AOoO HAS to be attached to the core sentence with a comma!
- The AOoO has to be near the noun it is modifying (or describing).
  - Maisy, exhausted from a long night of studying, fought to stay awake during first period.

### **5.** Absolute phrase

- An absolute is created by pairing a noun with an –ing verb: a "blank blanking."
- Choose a noun to modify.
- Think of a noun that can be doing something (blank-blanking) that will add detail to your sentence.
- Always attach the revision to the core sentence with a comma!
- Absolutes can appear anywhere in the sentence, but it must be clear what they are modifying.
- The blank-blanking does NOT have to be at the front of the phrase.
  - A car sped down the street, <u>engine roaring</u> loudly.